Generalities	IAS Analysis	Skyrme-Hartree-Fock	Asymmetry Skins	Conclusions
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Constraints on the Symmetry Energy

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Inspiration

At a Gordon Conference:

- Joe: What about isospin dependence of limiting *T*?
- PD: Can look at that explored T_{lim} around Diploma Thesis.
- Back home: Pressure, Coulomb, surface tension... Ugh, surface tension can depend on T and isospin as well...
- \Rightarrow Let's explore the simplified problem of dependence of the surface tension on isospin asymmetry



PD *Surface Symmetry Energy* NPA727(03)233 PD&Lee NPA818(09)819; arXiv:1307.4130



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$$E = -a_V A + a_S A^{2/3} + a_C \frac{Z^2}{A^{1/3}} + a_a \frac{(N-Z)^2}{A} + E_{mic}$$

Symmetry energy: charge $n \leftrightarrow p$ symmetry of interactions Analogy with capacitor:



Thomas-Fermi (local density) approximation:



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TF breaks in nuclear surface at $\rho < \rho_0/4$ PD&Lee NPA\$18(2009)36

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Symmetry Energy

Generalities	IAS Analysis	Skyrme-Hartree-Fock	Asymmetry Skins	Conclusions
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Mass and Skin Fits



PD NPA723(2003)233

Symmetry Energy:

$$E_a = rac{a_a^V}{A} \, rac{(N-Z)^2}{1 + rac{a_a^V}{a_a^S \, A^{1/3}}}$$

Skin:

$$\Delta r_{np} = \frac{2}{3} \frac{r_{rms}}{A^{1/3}} \frac{a_a}{a_a^S} \left(\frac{N-Z}{A} - Coul \right)$$





Skyrme-Hartree-Fock

Asymmetry Skins

Fits in $L-a_a^V$ Plane



Lie-Wen Chen et al PRC82(10)024321



Charge Invariance

 $?a_a(A)$? Conclusions on sym-energy details, following *E*-formula fits, interrelated with conclusions on other terms in the formula: asymmetry-dependent Coulomb, Wigner & pairing + asymmetry-independent, due to (N - Z)/A - A correlations along stability line [PD NPA727(03)233]!

Best would be to study the symmetry energy in isolation from the rest of *E*-formula! Absurd?!

Charge invariance to rescue: lowest nuclear states characterized by different isospin values (T, T_z) , $T_z = (Z - N)/2$. Nuclear energy scalar in isospin space

sym energy

$$a = a_a(A) \frac{(N-Z)^2}{A} = 4 a_a(A) \frac{T_z^2}{A}$$

$$\rightarrow E_a = 4 a_a(A) \frac{T^2}{A} = 4 a_a(A) \frac{T(T+1)}{R}$$



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Generalities

$a_a(A)$ Nucleus-by-Nucleus $\rightarrow E_a = 4 a_a(A) \frac{T(T+1)}{A}$

In the ground state *T* takes on the lowest possible value $T = |T_z| = |N - Z|/2$. Through '+1' most of the Wigner term absorbed.

Formula generalized to the lowest state of a given *T* (e.g. Jänecke *et al.*, NPA728(03)23).

?Lowest state of a given T: isobaric analogue state (IAS) of some neighboring nucleus ground-state.



Study of changes in the symmetry term possible nucleus by nucleus



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Queries in the Context of Data

Are expansions valid? Coefficient values??

$$E_{\mathsf{IAS}}^* = E_{\mathsf{IAS}} - E_{\mathsf{gs}} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{4 a_a(A)}{A} \Delta [T(T+1)] + \Delta E_{\mathsf{mic}}$$

Is the excitation energy linear in the isospin squared??

$$\frac{A}{a_a(A)} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{A}{a_a^V} + \frac{A^{2/3}}{a_a^S}$$

or

$$a_a^{-1} \stackrel{?}{=} (a_a^V)^{-1} + (a_a^S)^{-1} A^{-1/3}$$

Is the volume-surface separation valid?

 \Rightarrow From an $a_a^V \cdot a_a^S$ fit can one learn about a_a^V and *L* for uniform matter?





IAS data: Antony *et al.* ADNDT66(97)1 Shell corrections: Koura *et al.* ProTheoPhys113(05)305





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Z-Dependence of Symmetry Coefficients?







Comparisons to Skyrme-Hartree-Fock Issues in data-theory comparisons (codes by P.-G. Reinhard): 1. No isospin invariance in SHF - impossible to follow the procedure for data

- 2. Shell corrections not feasible at such scrutiny as for data
- 3. Coulomb effects.



Solution: Procedure that yields the same results as the energy, in the bulk limit, but is weakly affected by shell effects:

$$\frac{(N-Z)_{r < r_c}}{N-Z} = \frac{C_{r < r_c}}{C}$$
$$= \frac{a_a}{A a_a^V} \int_{r < r_c} \frac{\rho}{S(\rho)}$$

Skyrme-Hartree-Fock

Asymmetry Skins

Conclusions

$a_a(A)$ from Mean-Field Calculations



Skyrme-Hartree-Fock theory (codes by P.-G. Reinhard)

Similar behavior with *A* as for IAS

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Skyrme-Hartree-Fock

Asymmetry Skins

Conclusions

$a_a(A)$ from Different Mean Fields



?Slope *L* in ρ \Leftrightarrow slope in *A*??

Less impact of the slope *L* at ρ_0 than expected!

??Difficulty for *L* determination??

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Model-Independent Large-A Expansion?? Symbols: results of spherical no-Coulomb SHF calcs ⇒ Lines: volume-surface decomposition - expectation vs fit



→Symmetric matter energy f/sample Skyrmes ~ Works

 \rightarrow Symmetry coefficient

 $\sim \mathsf{Not}...$



Can $S(\rho)$ Be Constrained??!

Pearson correlation coefficient

 $|r| \sim 1$ - strong correlation $r \sim 0$ - no correlation



Ensemble of Skyrmes

Nearly no information about $S(\rho_0)!$



Symmetry-Energy Correlations When Strong



NO $S(\rho) \approx a_a$!



Constraints on Symmetry Energy $S(\rho)$

Demand that Skyrme approximates IAS results at A > 30 produces a constraint area for $S(\rho)$:



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Asymmetry Skin & Energy Stiffness





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Asymmetry Skin & Energy Stiffness





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Generalities	IAS Analysis	Skyrme-Hartree-Fock	Asymmetry Skins	Conclusions
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Asymmetry Skins from Measurements

Nucleus	Reference	Data Source	Δr_{np} [fm]	Δr_{np}^{GF} [fm]
⁴⁸ Ca	Friedman [92]	pionic atoms	0.13 ± 0.06	
	Gils et al. [93]	elastic α scattering	0.175 ± 0.050	
	Ray [94]	elastic \vec{p} scattering	0.229 ± 0.050	
	Clark et al. [95]	elastic p scattering	0.103 ± 0.040	
	Shlomo et al. [96]	elastic p scattering	0.10 ± 0.03	
	Gibbs et al. [97]	elastic π scattering	0.11 ± 0.04	
		combined results	0.129± 0.053 [⊠]	0.215 ± 0.012

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²⁰⁷ Pb	Starodubsky et al. [99]	elastic p scattering	0.186 ± 0.041	0.175 ± 0.023
²⁰⁸ Pb	Starodubsky et al. [99]	elastic p scattering	0.197 ± 0.042	
	Ray [94]	elastic \vec{p} scattering	0.16 ± 0.05	
	Clark et al. [95]	elastic p scattering	0.119 ± 0.045	
	Zenihiro et a l. [98]	elastic p scattering	0.211± 0.063	
	Friedman [92]	elastic π^+ scattering	0.11 ± 0.06	
	Friedman [92]	pionic atoms	0.15 ± 0.08	
		combined results	0.159± 0.041 [⊠]	0.179 ± 0.023



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- Symmetry-energy term weakens as nuclear mass number decreases: from a_a ~ 23 Mev to a_a ~ 9 MeV for A ≤ 8.
- For $A \gtrsim 25$, $a_a(A)$ may be fitted with $a_a^{-1} = (a_a^V)^{-1} + (a_a^S)^{-1} A^{-1/3}$, where $a_a^V \approx 35$ MeV and $a_a^S \approx 10$ MeV.
- Weakening of the symmetry term can be tied to the weakening of S(ρ) in uniform matter, with the fall of ρ.
- Including skin sizes, significant, $\leq \pm 1.0$ MeV, constraints on $S(\rho)$ at densities $\rho = (0.04 0.13)$ fm⁻³.
- Around ρ₀: strongly correlated a^V_a = (30.2–33.7) MeV and L = (35–70) MeV.



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Lines: fits to $a_a(A)$ assuming volume-surface competition analogous to that for E_1 . ??Fundamental knowledge??



Stiffness of the Symmetry Energy





Robustness of Macroscopic Description?









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